Senate Engrossed

FILED JANICE K. BREWER SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona Senate Forty-seventh Legislature Second Regular Session 2006

CHAPTER 182

SENATE BILL 1053

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 13-901 AND 31-233, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO PROBATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)



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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 13-901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

13-901. Probation

- A. If a person who has been convicted of an offense is eligible for probation, the court may suspend the imposition or execution of sentence and, if so, shall without delay place such THE person on intensive probation supervision pursuant to section 13-913 or supervised or unsupervised probation upon ON such terms and conditions as the law requires and the court deems appropriate, including participation in any programs authorized in title 12, chapter 2, article 11. If a person is not eligible for probation, imposition or execution of sentence shall not be suspended or delayed. If the court imposes probation, it may also impose a fine as authorized by chapter 8 of this title. If probation is granted the court shall impose a condition that the person waive extradition for any probation revocation procedures and it shall order restitution pursuant to section 13-603, subsection C where there is a victim who has suffered economic loss. When granting probation to an adult the court shall, as a condition of probation. SHALL assess a monthly fee of not less than fifty dollars unless, after determining the inability of the probationer to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. In justice and municipal courts the fee shall only be assessed when the person is placed on supervised probation. For persons placed on probation in the superior court, the fee shall be paid to the clerk of the superior court and the clerk of the court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the adult probation services fund established by section 12-267. For persons placed on supervised probation in the justice court, the fee shall be paid to the justice court and the justice court shall transmit all of the monies to the county treasurer for deposit in the adult probation services fund established by section 12-267. For persons placed on supervised probation in the municipal court, the fee shall be paid to the municipal court. The municipal court shall transmit all of the monies to the city treasurer who shall transmit the monies to the county treasurer for deposit in the adult probation services fund established by section 12-267. Any amount greater than forty dollars of the fee assessed pursuant to this subsection shall only be used to supplement monies currently used for the salaries of adult probation and surveillance officers and for support of programs and services of the superior court adult probation departments.
- B. The period of probation shall be determined according to section 13-902, EXCEPT THAT IF A PERSON IS RELEASED PURSUANT TO SECTION 31-233, SUBSECTION B AND COMMUNITY SUPERVISION IS WAIVED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-603, SUBSECTION K, THE COURT SHALL EXTEND THE PERIOD OF PROBATION BY THE AMOUNT OF TIME THE DIRECTOR OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS APPROVES FOR THE INMATE'S TEMPORARY RELEASE.

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- C. The court, may in its discretion, MAY issue a warrant for the rearrest of the defendant and may modify or add to the conditions or, if the defendant commits an additional offense or violates a condition, may revoke probation in accordance with the rules of criminal procedure at any time prior to BEFORE the expiration or termination of the period of probation. If the court revokes the defendant's probation and the defendant is serving more than one probationary term concurrently, the court may sentence the person to terms of imprisonment to be served consecutively.
- D. At any time during the probationary term of the person released on probation, any probation officer $\frac{may}{may}$, without warrant or other process. AND at any time until the final disposition of the case, MAY rearrest any person and bring the person before the court.
- E. The court, on its own initiative or upon ON application of the probationer, after notice and an opportunity to be heard for the prosecuting attorney,— and, on request, the victim, may terminate the period of probation or intensive probation and discharge the defendant at a time earlier than that originally imposed if in the court's opinion the ends of justice will be served and if the conduct of the defendant on probation warrants it.
- F. When granting probation the court may require that the defendant be imprisoned in the county jail at whatever time or intervals, consecutive or nonconsecutive, the court shall determine, within the period of probation, as long as the period actually spent in confinement does not exceed one year or the maximum period of imprisonment permitted under chapter 7 of this title, whichever is the shorter.
- G. If restitution is made a condition of probation, the court shall fix the amount of restitution and the manner of performance pursuant to the provisions of chapter 8 of this title.
- H. When granting probation, the court shall set forth at the time of sentencing and on the record the factual and legal reasons in support of each sentence.
- I. If the defendant meets the criteria set forth in section 13-901.01 or 13-3422, the court may place the defendant on probation pursuant to either section. If a defendant is placed on probation pursuant to section 13-901.01 or 13-3422, the court may impose any term of probation that is authorized pursuant to this section which AND THAT is not in violation of section 13-901.01.
 - Sec. 2. Section 31-233, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 31-233. Order for removal: purposes: duration: failure to return: classification
- A. The director of the state department of corrections may authorize the temporary removal under custody from prison or any other institution for the detention of adults under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections of any inmate for the purpose of employing such person THE INMATE in any work directly connected with the administration, management or maintenance of the prison or institution in which the inmate is confined, for

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purposes of cooperating voluntarily in medical research which THAT cannot be performed at the prison or institution, or for participating in community action activities directed toward delinquency prevention and community betterment programs. Such THE removal shall not be for a period longer than one day.

- B. Under specific rules established by the director for the selection of inmates, the director may also authorize furlough, temporary removal or temporary release of any inmate for compassionate leave, for the purpose of furnishing to the inmate medical treatment not available at the prison or institution, for purposes preparatory to a return to the community within ninety days of the inmate's release date or for disaster aid, including local mutual aid and state emergencies. When an inmate is temporarily removed or temporarily released for a purpose preparatory to return to the community or for compassionate leave, the director may require the inmate to reimburse the state, in whole or part, for expenses incurred by the state in connection with the inmate's temporary removal or release.
- C. EXCEPT IF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION IS WAIVED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-603, SUBSECTION K, the department shall add the amount of time the director approves for the inmate's temporary release to the inmate's term of community supervision imposed by the court pursuant to section 13-603. While the person is on temporary release the person is not on inmate status and is under the jurisdiction of the department until the terms of community supervision are met.
- D. Any inmate who knowingly fails to return from furlough, temporary removal or temporary release granted under the provisions of this section is guilty of a class 5 felony.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 21, 2006.

PALLED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 21, 2006.